Headaches caused by gum chewing in children may indicate even bigger problems

A new study suggests that excessive gum chewing may be an important but under-recognized trigger for headaches in older children.

The researchers at Meir Medical Center believe that excessive gum chewing causes headaches not through the ingestion of aspartame from the gum. as has been previously suggested, but by putting undue stress on the temporomandibular joint (TMJ). This study is



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just another strong piece of evidence supporting how a poor bite plays a large role in causing a TMJ disorder.

Having a misaligned or unbalanced bite in children and adults has been directly related to a

myriad of symptoms including headaches, jaw pain,

migraines, ear congestion, ringing in the ears and even vertigo. Therefore, early diagnosis and treatment of a "bad" bite can be crucial in stopping this painful cycle from starting and avoiding future issues with this common TMJ disorder.

Why we should intervene with children earlier orthodontically:

• 75% of children, by age 12, have some form of malocclusion (poor bite). If untreated, these will worsen with time.

> 90% of the face is developed by age 12, when appropriate, practitioners must treat early if they want to guide, and, in fact, modify the growth of younger patients.

• If you miss the window of op-

portunity to work with a child's growth, treatment can take longer and be more difficult to achieve the ideal outcome.

Early identification of less than ideal jaw development and growth in children is also important in identifying potential risk factors like TMJ disorders and sleep apnea. For years, this has been an important focus of our dental practice. Evaluating and tracking our young patients is routine at all dental appointments to identify any signs of develop-

mental dental problems. We evaluate and measure our younger patients very carefully in order to determine if early orthodontics (braces), or even orthodontic appliances to facilitate proper growth, are appropriate.

address a child's orthodontic

issues in our office, or refer

them for an evaluation with

an orthodontist, we want to

make sure that we are utiliz-

ing the window where treatment moves the fastest and

easiest for our patients and getting our patients treated

at the best time to make the

necessary tooth movement.

Benefits of Early Orth-

· Influence jaw growth

· Harmonize width of

· Correct harmful oral

 Improve breathing and airway problems

• Improve aesthetics

If your child has any of

the following signs, please

talk to your dentist, if they

provide orthodontic services,

or seek a consultation with a

odontic Treatment:

in a positive manner.

treatment time.

and self-esteem

local orthodontist.

problems

Simplifies and/or shortens

the dental arches for later

corrective orthodontics • Improve speech

and teeth grinding) cal burden on the joint of ideal bite. Whether we directly

as other oral habits (such as clenching also cause a mechanipatients with a non-

Chewing gum, as well

Signs for Parents to look

- 1. Poor arch development: Very narrow or Vshaped upper jaw, crowded baby teeth, permanent teeth erupting behind baby teeth
- 2. Snoring or sleep breathing issues; other signs you may not be aware of that can be symptoms of sleep problems include dark circles under the eyes, large tonsils

3. Lack of tongue space or tongue thrust - if you

ask your child to swallow and their tongue sticks out over their lower teeth and lip

4. Cross bite: when your child bites together in their "normal" bite and the upper teeth are behind the lower teeth

5. Vertical deficiency/deep overbite: when your child bites

together the front top teeth completely cover their lower teeth

Headaches have been shown to be associated with and be provoked by TMJ dysfunction. When a poor bite is continually used in normal function or overused in bad habits, TMJ symptoms can be aggravated. Chewing gum, as well as other oral habits (such as clenching and teeth grinding) also cause a mechanical burden on the joint of patients with a non-ideal bite. If a person's bite is properly balanced with the surrounding facial muscles and TMJ joints, then these painful symptoms can be significantly minimized or completely avoided.

Jeffrey S. Haddad D.D.S. of Doolin & Haddad Advanced Dentistry completed his dental education at the University of Michigan in 2001. Dr. Haddad is a fellow of the prestigious Las Vegas Institute for Advanced Dental Studies. He lectures nationally on cosmetic dentistry, TMJ disorders and practice management.

For more information, visit www.rochesteradvanceddentistry.com.



